

Year 4 Over The Water - Ancient Greece

Intent: To learn about the past and how civilisations have had an impact on the life we live now for example, through Sports and Crafts.

Hook: Visit to the Liverpool World Museum

P4C ('Botheredness')

Respect, Influence, Strength

Notable people

Who?	What did they do?
Zeus	Zeus was the King of the Greek Gods and was the god of the sky and thunder.
Archimedes	Archimedes is a great mathematician and scientist who made many discoveries and inventions.
Alexander the Great	Alexander the Great is one of the greatest military commanders who expanded the Greek Empire never losing a battle
Plato	A Greek Philosopher during the classical period of Ancient Greece
Aristotle	A Greek Philosopher during the classical period of Ancient Greece
Socrates	A Greek philosopher from Athens.
Leonardo Da Vinci	Leonardo Da Vinci discovered the frequency of the sound wave determines the pitch.
Pablo Picasso	A famous painter, printer and sculpt maker.

Key Vocabulary

government, civilisation, conquest, architecture, philosophy, Olympics, literature, mathematics, politics, democracy, culture, legacy, continent, country, empire, settlement, climate, trade, pitch, volume, vibrate, sound waves, harmony, timbre, durability, waterproof, classification, environment, variety, habitat

Key Dates

Time	Fact
1600BC	The first Ancient Greek civilisation appeared, spreading from Greece into Europe as far as France in the West.
776BC	The first recorded Olympic games
1180BC	A famous legend tells of how the Greeks conquered the city of Troy by hiding inside a giant wooden horse.

Trips, Visitors and Visits

Visit the Ancient Greek exhibition at the Liverpool World Museum

Authentic Product	Subjects Covered	Knowledge of
Geographical fact file around the similarities and differences of Greece and the UK,	Geography	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The two most important city-states were Athens and Sparta • Countries that make up Europe and their position on a map • Similarities and differences between UK and Greece to include: settlement, climate, trade links • OS symbols to identify physical and human features on a map • Eight figure grid references to identify features on a map
Design and make Greek pottery and show as an art exhibition	DT / Art History	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Ancient Greeks influenced the way we live life today and impacts arts, philosophy, science, maths, literature and politics. • The materials that are suitable and functional for building different structures e.g. strength, waterproof, durability. • Archaeologists have discovered many artefacts including pottery which was decorated with scenes of everyday life. • Ceramic materials can be moulded into 3D sculptures.
Timeline showing how music and dance has evolved through the ages of Greek History	Music History Science—Sound	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The first Ancient Greek civilisation appeared 4000 years ago (1600BC) • The first recorded Olympic games was held in 776BC • Pitch describes how high or low a sound is • Volume describes how loud or quiet a sound is • Sound is made when an object vibrates and travels in waves • Sound travels through air or objects to the ear. • The faster the speed of the wave, the higher the pitch; the slower the speed of the wave, the lower the pitch. • Parts of instruments vibrate when they create sound e.g. air inside a wind instrument, the string of a string instrument and the skin of a drum • The loudness of a sound depends on the sound of the vibration. • Sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases. • Harmony is a simultaneous combination of tones • Timbre is a particular sound or combination of sounds.

MINI TOPIC	Subjects Covered	Knowledge of:
Living Things and Their Habitats	Science	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Living things can be grouped in different ways according to their features. • Living things live in a habitat which provides an environment to which they are suited and these can change naturally e.g. through flooding or earthquakes. • Different living things can be living in different areas at different times of the year because of the seasons • Classification keys can be used to identify and name living things • Humans can cause the environment to change e.g. in a good way such as setting up nature reserves and in a bad way such as littering
How do Jews demonstrate their faith through communities?	RE DT (nutrition and cooking)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A synagogue is the place where Jews worship • Sukkot commemorates the years that the Jews spent in the desert on their way to the Promised Land • Pesach is the celebration of spring, of birth and rebirth, a journey of slavery to freedom, and of taking responsibility for yourself, the community and the world.

See long term plans for French, PE, Literacy, Maths and SRE.